

Steric proficiency of polar 2 molecules in congruent electric and magnetic fields

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Abstract

We examine the eigenenergies, spatial orientation, and alignment of polar 2 molecules subject to congruent static electric and magnetic fields. In the presence of a magnetic field only, certain pairs of Zeeman states with opposite parity intersect. Introducing a congruent electric field connects such states, thereby creating avoided crossings and a first-order Stark effect which can strongly orient the states. Since this effect, termed “steric proficiency,” operates over a narrow range of magnetic field strengths, with amplitude determined by the electric dipole interaction, it should find use both for state selection and as a diagnostic tool for assigning spectral transitions. Other aspects are illustrated by strategies suggested for some prospective applications. These include a way to test whether formation of the $A^2 +$ excited electronic state of NaO in the $\text{Na} + \text{O}_3$ reactions results from the orientation dependence of electron transfer, and techniques to enable the ground $^2 +$ states of RbO and CsO, produced by reacting NO_2 with alkali atoms, to be loaded into a magnetic trap.